Statement of Hammett & Edison, Inc., Consulting Engineers

The firm of Hammett & Edison, Inc., Consulting Engineers, has been retained by Sutro Tower, Inc. to evaluate RF exposure levels under auxiliary operations near the Sutro Tower broadcast site, 1 La Avanzada Street, San Francisco, California, for compliance with appropriate guidelines limiting human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields.

Background Information

Sutro Tower is located near Mt. Sutro in San Francisco, California, and currently supports the transmitting facilities for twelve DTV stations and three FM stations. As part of the final DTV antenna installation project, Sutro Tower agreed to provide the neighborhood associations with measurement data of existing RF exposure levels at 200 locations within a 1,000-foot radius of the tower within two weeks of the activation of any new DTV antenna, or within two weeks of any DTV antenna power increase, or every three years, whichever is earliest. Station KOIT(FM), Channel 243, San Francisco, California, has moved its auxiliary antenna higher on Sutro Tower, from below Level 2 to below Level 5.

Prevailing Exposure Standards

The U.S. Congress requires that the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") evaluate its actions for possible significant impact on the environment. In Docket 93-62, effective October 15, 1997, the FCC adopted the human exposure limits for field strength and power density recommended in Report No. 86, "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," published in 1986 by the Congressionally chartered National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements ("NCRP"). Separate limits apply for occupational and public exposure conditions, with the latter limits generally five times more restrictive. The more recent standard, developed by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers and approved as American National Standard ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2006, "Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz," includes similar exposure limits. A summary of the FCC's exposure limits is shown in Figure 1. These limits apply for continuous exposures and are intended to provide a prudent margin of safety for all persons, regardless of age, gender, size, or health.

Measurement Procedure

The site was visited by the undersigned engineer and by Neil J. Olij, P.E., during regular business hours on August 25, 2015, a non-holiday weekday. Measurements were made at 208 locations within a 1,000-foot radius of Sutro Tower, as shown in Figure 2A, including all residential streets, and at four

locations near the Twin Peaks observation area, as shown in Figure 2B. Measurements were taken at a typical spacing of about 60–75 feet along the streets, although variations occurred due to topography and street layout. Measurements were made using a Narda Type NBM-520 Broadband Field Meter with Type EF-0391 and Type EA-5091 Isotropic Broadband Electric Field Probes (Serial Nos. D-0454 and 01035, respectively). All meters and probes were under current calibration by manufacturer. The Type EF-0391 probe provides results in volts/meter (V/m) and is calibrated for exposure of levels down to 0.2 V/m (0.005% of the most restrictive public limit); measurement results using that instrument are expressed as a percentage of the most restrictive FCC limit (0.2 mW/cm²). The Type EA-5091 probe is capable of providing results directly as a percent of the applicable FCC exposure limit. Both probes are broadband devices, which means that they measure all radio frequency sources, not just the broadcast operations at Sutro Tower.

The specifications of the auxiliary DTV and FM antennas, as reportedly operating during the measurements, are as follows:

Station	Channel	Effective Radiated Power	Antenna Make & Model	Center Height Above Sea Level
KGO-DT	D07	72 kW	Dielectric THV-5A7-R C170	317.4 m
KOFY-DT	D19	500		
KPIX-DT	D29	500		
KFSF-DT	D34	394	Dielectric TUA-C4SP-12/40U-1-S	402.3
KRON-DT	D38	500		
KTVU-DT	D44	ل 427.9		
KQED-DT	D30	500		
KMTP-DT	D33	500		
KCNS-DT	D39	500	Dielectric TUA-C4SP-12/40U-1-S	387.8
KCSM-DT	D43	250		
KBCW-DT	D45	500 J		
KOIT-FM	243	36	ERI SHP-6AC-HW	443.0
KSOL(FM)	255	6.9	Shively 6813-3-SS	309.0
KFOG(FM)	283	13.5	ERI LPX-3	313.0

Measurement Results

The maximum RF level measured at any of the 212 locations surrounding Sutro Tower and Twin Peaks was 34% of the most restrictive FCC public exposure limit. A tabulation of measurement results at each of those locations is provided in Figure 3.

Conclusion

It is my professional opinion that the TV and FM broadcast stations at Sutro Tower continue to comply with prevailing standards for limiting public exposure to radio frequency energy.



Figures

In carrying out these engineering studies, the following attached figures were prepared under my direct supervision:

- 1. Summary of FCC RF exposure guidelines
- 2. Map showing measurement locations
- 3. Table showing measurement results.

October 6, 2015

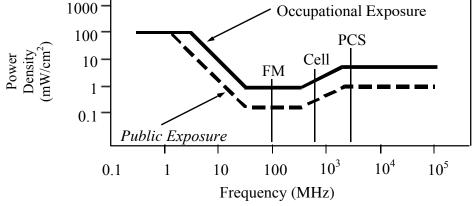


FCC Radio Frequency Protection Guide

The U.S. Congress required (1996 Telecom Act) the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") to adopt a nationwide human exposure standard to ensure that its licensees do not, cumulatively, have a significant impact on the environment. The FCC adopted the limits from Report No. 86, "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," published in 1986 by the Congressionally chartered National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements ("NCRP"). Separate limits apply for occupational and public exposure conditions, with the latter limits generally five times more restrictive. The more recent standard, developed by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers and approved as American National Standard ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2006, "Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz," includes similar limits. These limits apply for continuous exposures from all sources and are intended to provide a prudent margin of safety for all persons, regardless of age, gender, size, or health.

As shown in the table and chart below, separate limits apply for occupational and public exposure conditions, with the latter limits (in *italics* and/or dashed) up to five times more restrictive:

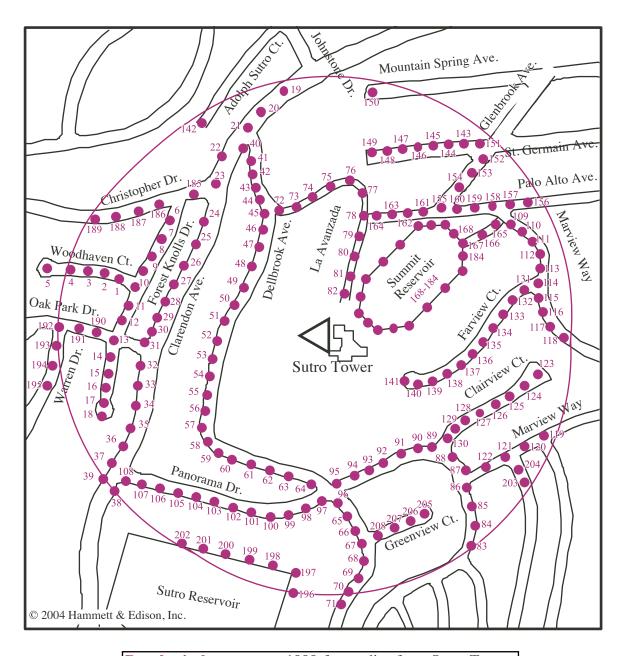
Frequency	Electro	Electromagnetic Fields (f is frequency of emission in MHz)					
Applicable Range (MHz)	Field S	Electric Field Strength (V/m)		netic trength /m)	Equivalent Far-Field Power Density (mW/cm ²)		
0.3 - 1.34	614	614	1.63	1.63	100	100	
1.34 - 3.0	614	823.8/f	1.63	2.19/f	100	$180/f^2$	
3.0 - 30	1842/ f	823.8/f	4.89/ f	2.19/f	$900/ f^2$	$180/f^2$	
30 - 300	61.4	27.5	0.163	0.0729	1.0	0.2	
300 - 1,500	3.54 √ f	1.59√f	$\sqrt{f}/106$	$\sqrt{f/238}$	f/300	f/1500	
1,500 - 100,000	137	61.4	0.364	0.163	5.0	1.0	



Higher levels are allowed for short periods of time, such that total exposure levels averaged over six or thirty minutes, for occupational or public settings, respectively, do not exceed the limits, and higher levels also are allowed for exposures to small areas, such that the spatially averaged levels do not exceed the limits. However, neither of these allowances is incorporated in the conservative calculation formulas in the FCC Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin No. 65 (August 1997) for projecting field levels. Hammett & Edison has built those formulas into a proprietary program that calculates, at each location on an arbitrary rectangular grid, the total expected power density from any number of individual radio sources. The program allows for the description of buildings and uneven terrain, if required to obtain more accurate projections.



Measurement Locations



Purple circle represents 1000-foot radius from Sutro Tower. **Purple dots** denote locations for measurement results in Figure 3.

Measurement Locations





Purple dots denote locations for measurement results in Figure 3



Measured Power Density Levels August 25, 2015

		Augu	131 23, 2013		
	Percent		Percent		Percent
Location	FCC Limit*	Location	FCC Limit*	Location	FCC Limit*
1	1.1	41	0.64	81	7.0†
2	1.1	42	1.0	82	4.4†
3	1.4	43	0.70	83	2.8
4	1.4	44	0.76	84	2.2
5	0.90	45	2.0	85	2.6
6	1.2	46	2.9†	86	2.5
7	1.3	47	7.0†	87	3.9
8	0.76	48	3.6†	88	2.3
9	0.64	49	6.5†	89	2.3
10	1.0	50	5.5†	90	3.2
11	1.7	51	4.9†	91	4.3
12	0.90	52	2.8	92	3.6†
13	1.3	53	3.2	93	4.0
14	0.58	54	3.2	94	2.6
15	0.70	55	2.5	95	2.1
16	0.83	56	1.5	96	0.90
17	0.83	57	1.7	97	1.4
18	0.83	58	1.2	98	0.30
19	0.22	59	1.6	99	0.53
20	0.19	60	1.7	100	0.48
21	0.48	61	1.8	101	1.3
22	0.70	62	0.83	102	1.0
23	0.97	63	0.58	103	1.0
24	1.2	64	1.0	104	0.30
25	1.7	65	1.6	105	0.13
26	0.70	66	1.6	106	0.22
27	1.8	67	1.4	107	0.30
28	1.1	68	1.8	108	0.30
29	0.83	69	1.4	109	2.2
30	0.83	70	0.48	110	4.5
31	0.83	71	0.38	111	2.8
32	0.83	72	1.0	112	4.2
33	0.64	73	0.64	113	0.90
34	0.38	74	0.38	114	3.9
35	0.38	75	0.53	115	1.0
36	0.64	76	0.64	116	0.76
37	0.64	77	1.7	117	0.76
38	0.30	78	1.9	118	1.3
39	0.70	79	2.2	119	1.4
40	0.43	80	5.5 [†]	120	0.58
.0	0.15	1 00	5.51	120	0.50

- * Expressed as percent of most restrictive FCC limit of 0.2 mW/cm², except as noted.
- † Expressed as percent of applicable public limit for frequencies involved; Type EA-5091 probe used.

Measured Power Density Levels August 25, 2015

August 25, 2015								
	Percent			Percent			Percent	
Location	FCC Limit*	L	ocation	FCC Limit*		Location	FCC Limit*	
121	1.1		161	0.90		201	0.24	
122	0.90		162	0.58		202	0.11	
123	2.1		163	2.2		203	1.0	
124	1.3		164	1.3		204	2.1	
125	1.4		165	3.4		205	1.6	
126	1.5		166	4.8		206	1.6	
127	1.4		167	4.0		207	1.7	
128	2.0		168	1.7		208	1.0	
129	1.5		169	3.7		209	5.0†	
130	2.7		170	5.3		210	3.4†	
131	1.3		171	5.0†		211	3.0†	
132	4.3		172	5.0†		212	7.0†	
133	4.3		173	12.0†				
134	1.4		174	6.5†				
135	2.1		175	16.0†				
136	3.3		176	20.0†				
137	4.8		177	34.0†				
138	6.5†		178	26.0†				
139	5.0†		179	15.0†				
140	5.5†		180	19.0†				
141	8.5†		181	13.0†				
142	0.38		182	7.0†				
143	2.0		183	5.1				
144	1.0		184	4.0				
145	0.34		185	0.90				
146	0.22		186	1.3				
147	0.22		187	1.0				
148	0.83		188	0.43				
149	0.22		189	0.83				
150	0.10		190	1.4				
151	1.6		191	1.6				
152	3.6		192	1.8				
153	3.3		193	0.22				
154	3.3		194	0.26				
155	4.5		195	0.30				
156	4.2		196	0.11				
157	2.2		197	0.08				
158	1.5		198	0.08				
159	4.6		199	0.11				
160	4.3		200	0.11				

- Expressed as percent of most restrictive FCC limit of 0.2 mW/cm², except as noted.
 Expressed as percent of applicable public limit for frequencies involved; Type EA-5091
- probe used.